

GRAPHIC ERA UNIVERSITY

Graphic Era Common Entrance Test (GECET)

Sample Test Paper – **Social Science / Humanities**

Total Duration: 120 Minutes (Aptitude plus Domain specific)

Total Aptitude Questions: 50

Total Aptitude Marks: 70

Marks for Domain paper: 30

IMPORTANT INSTRUCTIONS

1. Read each question carefully before answering.
 2. All questions are compulsory.
 3. There is no negative marking.
 4. Use of calculators is not permitted unless explicitly allowed.
-

Marking Scheme:

- Domain-Specific: 15 Questions \times 2 Marks = 30 Marks
 - Aptitude: 30 Questions \times 1 Mark + 20 Questions \times 2 Marks = 70 Marks
-

SECTION 1: APTITUDE

(Common Aptitude Sample Questions in a separate document)

SECTION 2

Domain Specific (2 Marks Each)

1. Identify the synonym for the word "*grateful*" as used in:

"I am grateful for your help."

- a) helpful
 - b) sorry
 - c) thankful
 - d) angry
-

2. Choose the word most opposite in meaning to *hostile*.

- a) angry
 - b) friendly
 - c) mean
 - d) harsh
-

3. Choose the correct meaning of the idiom: "*once in a blue moon*"

- a) very often
 - b) rarely
 - c) suddenly
 - d) never
-

4. Choose the correct meaning of the phrase: "*give up*"

- a) continue an activity
 - b) start something new
 - c) stop trying or abandon
 - d) encourage someone
-

5. Which of the following processes, coined by M.N. Srinivas, describes the process by which a "low" Hindu caste or tribal group changes its customs, rituals, ideology, and way of life in the direction of a high, frequently "twice-born" caste?

- a) secularization
 - b) westernization
 - c) sanskritization
 - d) modernization
-

6. Which article of the Indian Constitution formally abolished “untouchability” and forbade its practice in any form?

- a) article 14
 - b) article 17
 - c) article 19
 - d) article 21
-

7. Max Weber’s concept of “verstehen” is most closely associated with which research approach?

- a) quantitative analysis
 - b) interpretive sociology
 - c) positivism
 - d) structural functionalism
-

8. Who was the founder of the Maurya Empire?

- a) ashoka
 - b) chandragupta maurya
 - c) bindusara
 - d) harsha
-

9. Who wrote the book “*discovery of india*”?

- a) jawaharlal nehru
 - b) rabindranath tagore
 - c) b.r. ambedkar
 - d) mahatma gandhi
-

10. Which two superpowers were primarily involved in the Cold War?

- a) united states and china
 - b) united states and soviet union
 - c) soviet union and india
 - d) united states and france
-

11. What event marked the end of the Soviet Union in 1991?

- a) formation of the european union
 - b) disintegration into independent republics
 - c) start of world war ii
 - d) signing of the kyoto protocol
-

12. What is the main purpose of the United Nations Security Council?

- a) to promote cultural exchanges
 - b) to maintain international peace and resolve conflicts
 - c) to regulate global trade tariffs
 - d) to organize sports events
-

13. What does the term "globalization" generally refer to?

- a) closing borders between countries
 - b) increasing economic and cultural connections worldwide
 - c) reducing the use of technology
 - d) focusing only on national issues
-

14. Which psychologist proposed the Two-Factor Theory of intelligence, suggesting that intelligence consists of a "g" factor (general intelligence) and specific "s" factors?

- a) louis thurstone
- b) howard gardner
- c) charles spearman
- d) alfred binet

15. Who is known as the “father of psychoanalysis”?

- a) carl rogers
 - b) sigmund freud
 - c) gordon allport
 - d) ivan pavlov
-

ANSWER KEY

Question	Answer
1	c
2	b
3	b
4	c
5	c
6	b
7	b
8	b
9	a
10	b
11	b
12	b
13	b
14	c
15	b
